

MARIA AND RAFAEL LEARN THE SIGNS OF A DEBT RELIEF SCAM



ABOUT THE FTC

The Federal Trade Commission is the nation's consumer protection agency. Its mission is to protect consumers from fraudulent and deceptive practices.

This fotonovela is part of the FTC's ongoing efforts to help the Latino community avoid scams and stop fraud. For more information, visit www.consumer.ftc.gov/fotonovela.

Report fraud by calling 1-877-FTC-HELP or online at www.ftc.gov/complaint.

















I heard an ad for a company that can help and spoke to a woman. She guaranteed they could lower our monthly student loan payment.

No.

Oh no. Did you pay her?

Good. Her guarantee that she can help is a classic sign of a scam.

There are companies out there that lie and say they have special access to government assistance programs.

Others tell you to stop making your payments but don't explain the consequences, like late fees that could damage your credit history. The woman I spoke with was really pushy. She wanted me to pay her over the phone.

> It's illegal for a company to charge you before it does anything to help you with your debts. That's another sign of a scam.



First, contact the company you owe money to. Tell them you can't pay and ask what your options are.

FEDERAL STUDENT LOANS DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION studentaid.ed.gov I-800-4FED-AID (I-800-433-3243)

If you have a federal student loan, contact the Department of Education.

CONTACT YOUR

When you get home, call your lenders right away. If you need help after talking to them, come back and see me.

Thank you so much for your help.





AVOIDING A DEBT RELIEF SCAM

Some dishonest debt relief companies lie about how they can help. A reputable debt relief company:

- Won't make you pay before it does anything to help you. That's illegal.
- Won't guarantee it can get rid of your debts.
- Won't say it has special access to government assistance programs.

Report debt relief scams to the FTC at www.ftc.gov/complaint or call 1-877-FTC-HELP (1-877-382-4357).

If You're Having Trouble Paying Down Your Debts

- Contact your lenders. Call the company you owe money to, tell them why you can't pay, and ask if you can pay less each month. If you have a student loan from the government, contact the Department of Education at studentaid.ed.gov or 1-800-4FED-AID (1-800-433-3243).
- Get credit counseling. To find legitimate help, start with a credit union, local university, military base, or the U.S. Cooperative Extension Service.

This fotonovela is part of the Federal Trade Commission's ongoing efforts to raise awareness about scams targeting the Latino community. The story offers information about avoiding a debt relief scam.

See all of the FTC's fotonovelas at www.consumer.ftc.gov/fotonovela.

Order free educational materials from the Federal Trade Commission at **bulkorder.ftc.gov.**

Sign up to get free scam alerts and other news at **ftc.gov/stay-connected.**



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